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## PATENT CLAIMS

- Use of a measurem nt device (1, 6-9; 11-14, 17, 18) for m asuring a 1. parameter indicating amount of dust deposited on a surface, and of an indicator (10, 19) signal-wise connected to the measurement device for specifying an indication of the parameter, for monitoring a contaminated, dirty or inflammable condition in an electrical consumer appliance, e.g. a TV set.
- Use of an optical measurement device (1, 6-9) for measuring attenuation of 2. 10 a light beam (A) transmitted through an amount of dust deposited on a surface, and of an indicator (10) compected to the measurement device (1, 6-9) for specifying a measurement value that is a function of the attenuation, for monitoring dust thickness in an electrical consumer appliance, e.g. a TV set.
  - The use of claim 2, wherein the output intensity of the through light beam 3. (A) is compared to the intensity of a reference light beam (B) passing outside the amount of dust.
- The use of claim 2 or \$, wherein the light beam (A) is transmitted along and 4. 20 through the dust layer, possibly as a divergent or expanded beam to increase measurement sensitivity, and which beam is then possibly focused towards a photodetector (7) by means of a lens (4) situated after said surface.
  - The use of claim 2 (3, wherein the light beam is transmitted substantially 5. transversely to the dust very possibly with a reflection against the underlying surface so that the dust layer is passed twice before detection.
- Use of a thermal measurement device (11-14, 17, 18) for measuring heat 6. insulating ability for an amount of dust deposited on a surface, and of an indicator 30 (19) connected to the measurer nt device for specifying a measurement value that is a function of said heat insulating ability, for monitoring dust thickness in an electrical consumer appliance, e.g. a TV set.

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- 7. The use of claim 6, wherein temp rature is measured by means of a temperature sensor (15) in an object that is thermally closely attached to said surface, heat being supplied to said object (15) by means of a heating element, so that said surface emits heat radiation, said emission being dependent on the thickness of said dust layer.
- 8. The use of claim 7, wherein temperature is also measured in a reference object (16) which is not subject to coating by dust, and in a corresponding manner as in said object (15), known and possibly equal power being supplied to the object (15) and the reference object (16), and a comparison between the measured temperatures constitutes a basis for specified measurement value from the indicator (19).
- 15 9. Use of an ultrasound measurement unit for measuring attenuation of ultrasound energy transmitted through an amount of dust deposited on a surface, and of an indicator connected to said ultrasound measurement unit for specifying a measurement value that is a function of the attenuation, for monitoring dust thickness in an electrical consumer appliance, e.g. a TV set.
  - 10. Use of a pressure sensor for measuring superpressure caused by an amount of dust deposited on a surface, and of an indicator connected to the pressure sensor for specifying a measurement value that is a function of said superpressure,
- 25 for monitoring dust weight in an electrical consumer appliance, e.g. a TV set.
  - 11. Use of a strain sensor for measuring degree of flexure for a plate that is subject to the weight of an amount of dust deposited on a surface on the plate, and of an indicator connected to the strain sensor for specifying a measurement value that is a function of the degree of flexure, for monitoring dust weight in an electrical consumer appliance, e.g. a TV set,
  - 12. The use of any one of claims 2-11, wherein said indicator displays continuously a measur ment value on an analog scale or by digital display.

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13. The use of any one of claims 2-11, wherein said indicator indicates the exceeding of a threshold value for said measurement value by delivering a warning signal that may be of an optical or acoustical type, possibly both.

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